

〈別表〉 複合算の標準計算式とキー操作

No.	計 算 式	キ ー 操 作 法
①	$A \times B + C \times D =$	CM A × B + C × D + RM
②	$A \times B + C \div D =$	// A × B + C ÷ D + RM
③	$A \div B + C \div D =$	// A ÷ B + C ÷ D + RM
④	$A \div B + C \times D =$	// A ÷ B + C × D + RM
⑤	$A \times B - C \times D =$	// A × B + C × D - RM
⑥	$A \times B - C \div D =$	// A × B + C ÷ D - RM
⑦	$A \div B - C \div D =$	// A ÷ B + C ÷ D - RM
⑧	$A \div B - C \times D =$	// A ÷ B + C × D - RM
⑨	$(A+B) \times (C+D) =$	// A + B + C + D = × RM =
⑩	$(A+B) \times (C-D) =$	// A + B + C - D = × RM =
⑪	$(A-B) \times (C-D) =$	// A - B + C - D = × RM =
⑫	$(A-B) \times (C+D) =$	// A - B + C + D = × RM =
⑬	$(A+B) \div (C+D) =$	// C + D + A + B = ÷ RM =
⑭	$(A+B) \div (C-D) =$	// C - D + A + B = ÷ RM =
⑮	$(A-B) \div (C-D) =$	// C - D + A - B = ÷ RM =
⑯	$(A-B) \div (C+D) =$	// C + D + A - B = ÷ RM =
⑰	$(A \div B) \times (C \div D) =$	// A ÷ B + C ÷ D = × RM =
⑱	$(A \times B) \div (C \times D) =$	// C × D + A × B = ÷ RM =
⑲	$(A \times B) \div (C \div D) =$	// C ÷ D + A × B = ÷ RM =
⑳	$(A \div B) \div (C \div D) =$	// C ÷ D + A ÷ B = ÷ RM =
㉑	$(A \div B) \div (C \times D) =$	// C × D + A ÷ B = ÷ RM =